

THE PULASKI CITIZEN.

L. W. McCORD, Editor and Publisher.

NO. 90, EAST CORNER PUBLIC SQUARE—UP STAIRS.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
Four Dollars per Annum, Invariably in Advance.

Terms of Advertising.
Advertisements inserted at \$1.50 per square, (10 lines or less, in this type, for the first, and 75 cents for each subsequent insertion.)
Advertisements not marked with the number of insertions desired will be inserted and charged for at the regular rates until ordered out.

List of Prices for Advertising	1 mo	2 mos	3 mos	6 mos	1 yr.
1 square, 10 lines	\$1.75	\$3.50	\$5.25	\$10.50	\$19.00
2 square, 20 lines	3.50	7.00	10.50	21.00	38.00
3 square, 30 lines	5.25	10.50	15.75	31.50	57.00
4 square, 40 lines	7.00	14.00	21.00	42.00	76.00
5 square, 50 lines	8.75	17.50	26.25	52.50	95.00
6 square, 60 lines	10.50	21.00	31.50	63.00	114.00
7 square, 70 lines	12.25	24.50	36.75	73.50	133.00
8 square, 80 lines	14.00	28.00	42.00	84.00	152.00
9 square, 90 lines	15.75	31.50	47.25	94.50	171.00

Advertisements must be paid for quarterly in advance. Those inserted for 3 months or less, must be accompanied with the money. Yearly advertisements are permitted to renew quarterly free of charge; further renewals charged one dollar per square. Advertisements from a distance must be accompanied with the cash in every instance. The advertising of a house or firm will be strictly limited to its own immediate business. Calls on persons to become candidates, and political circulars charged as advertisements, and will not be inserted without the cash in advance. Professional or business cards not exceeding five lines will be inserted at twelve dollars per annum. Editorial advertisements and personal communications will not be inserted unless paid for in advance at double the regular rates.

Announcement.
Announcing candidates for State or District offices ten dollars; county five; always in advance. Obituaries and tributes of respect over ten lines in length charged for at the regular advertising rates. Marriages, deaths and religious notices gratis.

PULASKI, TENN.
FRIDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 2, 1866.

It is a lucky thing to have a piano in the house—it is good for tone.

The Louisville Democrat claims a population for that city of over 150,000. Five years ago it was but 83,000.

Ladies, fret not over small losses. By such weakness you will soon have that great loss, the loss of beauty, to fret over.

A little boy gazing at the stars, asked his mother if they were the moon's little babies.

If a loafer and a gallon of whisky are sitting side by side, the former will probably be drunk first.

The Mobile (Ala.) Register has nominated Gen. Grant as a candidate for President in 1868.

Lip-service is considered discreditable to a Christian, but it is a delightful thing between two lovers.

The Kentucky papers are getting after Gen. Fisk sharply for statements contained in his recent speech in Cincinnati.

A man in Unity, New Hampshire, recently separated from his wife because she used a pound of tea a week.

At an evening party a gentleman carving a chicken, asked a lady what part she preferred. "I will take the foot handle," said the lady.

All-known abolitionist in Louisville left at his door on Christmas morning a negro baby. He took it like a man.

An incurable old bachelor, and one who seemingly rejoices in his infirmity, describes marriage as "a female despotism tempered by puddings."

The Lexington (Kentucky) Reporter advertises the sale of a negro man named William, on the 5th of February, on a credit of four months.

What is the difference between a good soldier and a fashionable lady?
One faces the powder, and the other powders the face.

Life is a duel. If any one comes upon the boards in a solo, he soon plays out, and goes down behind the scenes unwept, unhoed, and with half the buttons off his old clothes.

It is better to love a person you cannot marry, than to marry a person you cannot love. This is a short text for a long sermon, which human experience will continue to preach "until the last symbol of recorded time."

The largest sum received for a poem, by an American writer, of which we have any record, was paid to Robert Treat Paine for his famous song, "Adams and Liberty." That spirited composition brought its author eleven dollars a line, which was about a dollar and a half a word.

The Reason Why.—A gentleman asked a contraband the other day what he was doing with that ball chained to his leg. "Why, massa," said he, "all de niggers in dis town bin arter dis cannon ball, an me an massa perlice didn't want de niggers to get em, an we ties um to dis nigger's leg, jist to keep um from bein stole, massa—nuffin else, sar."

The Irishman's description of a fiddle cannot be beat: "It was the shape of a turkey and the size of a goose; he turned it over on its belly and rubbed its back-bone with a stick, and ooh, by Saint Patrick, how it did squall!"

LINES.

WRITTEN ON THE BACK OF A CONFEDERATE NOTE, AFTER LEE'S SURRENDER.

Representing nothing on God's earth now.
Nor in the waters below it,
As a pledge of a nation that's dead and gone,
Keep it, dear friend, and show it.
Show it to those who will lend an ear
To the tale that this paper can tell,
Of Liberty born of a patriot's dream,
Of a storm-crashed nation that fell.
Too poor to possess the precious cross,
And too much of a stranger to borrow;
We issued to-day our promise to pay
And hoped to redeem it to-morrow.
The days rolled by, and days became years,
But our coffers were empty still;
Coin was so scarce that the Treasury quaked
If a dollar should drop in the till.
But the faith that was in us was strong indeed,
And our poverty will be discerned;
And these little bills represented the pay
That our suffering veterans earned.
We knew it had barely a value in gold,
Yet as gold the soldiers received it;
It gave on its face a promise to pay,
And each patriot soldier believed it.

Our boys little thought of price or pay,
Or of bills that were overdue;
They knew if it brought them their bread to-day
'Twas the best their poor country could do.
Then keep it—it tells our history over
From the birth of the dream to its last
Glorious and born of the angel host.
Like our hope of success—it passed.

AFFECTING INCIDENT.—During the ceremonies attending the inauguration of Wednesday last, after the conclusion of Gov. Marvin's address, the band of the 7th Regulars, which was in attendance, played "Hail Columbia" in admirable style, and when Gov. Walker had completed his inaugural, they struck up "Dixie," which electrified the audience and called forth repeated cheers. All felt its inspiring strains. Many, among those who had imperiled their lives in defence of a cause now gone forever, wept, as they remembered the toils, the sufferings they had endured in vain, and the hopes forever blasted, which once animated them.—Floridaian.

JAPAN must be a good place to go to. It is said that you can buy a first class house there for thirty dollars, and live comfortably in it for two cents a day. Servants charge fifty cents a month, and a horse and groom may be had for the same time for one dollar and fifty cents. If you don't like it when you get there you can open yourself with a cheese-knife, and no question will be asked.

A Madrid letter states that M. Monturiol, a Spaniard, has solved the problem of submarine steam navigation by the invention of a vessel which can remain for hours at a considerable depth, can discharge cannons from below, and even act as a ram for piercing the hulls of ironclad ships.

RATES OF POSTAGE.
In consequence of the general ignorance in the South of the rules of postage established by law, many letters of importance are daily lost to those interested by being improperly or insufficiently stamped. The regulations require that all such letters dropped into post offices shall be immediately forwarded to the Dead Letter office, where they are never heard from unless they contain money, or other enclosure of value. We give below some information which may prevent vexation to correspondents.
The rate of postage on letters within the United States is 4 cents for every letter or sealed package weighing one-half ounce or under. Those over one-half ounce, 6 cents, and 2 cents for every additional half ounce. Prepayment with stamps in all cases is required. All letters without the necessary postage stamps, or which are stamped with revenue stamps, will be forwarded to the Dead Letter office after being dropped into any post office.

CHANCERY NOTICES.

In Chancery at Pulaski.
James C. Stevenson and others, complainants,

F. T. McClure and others, defendants.
[N] this cause it appearing to the satisfaction of the Clerk and Master from affidavit that the defendants, Caleb Robinson and wife, Mary A. William Bright, Paraula Bright, Louisa L. McClure, Sarah F. Turner and her husband, James F. Brooks, Josephine Brooks and her husband, John E. Brooks, Henrietta Brooks, Willis Brooks and Wm. H. Brooks, are non-residents of Tennessee, so that the ordinary process of this court cannot be served on them; On motion it is therefore ordered that publication be made for four weeks in succession in the Citizen, a newspaper published in the town of Pulaski in said State, requiring said defendants to be and appear on the first day of the next term of the Chancery Court, to be held for the county of Giles at the court house in Pulaski, on the first Monday in March next, and answer complainants' bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to them and set for hearing *ex parte*.
Jany. 23, 1866. A. COX, C. & M.

In Chancery at Pulaski.
Jno. A. Verry, complainant,

Newton Eslick and others, defendants.
[N] this cause it appearing to the satisfaction of the Clerk and Master from affidavit that the defendant, W. L. Whitley is unknown, so that the ordinary process of this court cannot be served; On motion it is therefore ordered that publication be made for four weeks in succession in the Citizen, a newspaper published in the town of Pulaski in said State, requiring said defendant to be and appear on the first day of the next term of the Chancery Court, to be held for the county of Giles at the court house in Pulaski, on the first Monday in March next, and answer complainants' bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to him and set for hearing *ex parte*.
Jany. 23, 1866. A. COX, C. & M.

In Chancery at Pulaski.
Thomas Martin, Adm'r. of W. C. Mayfield, deceased complainant,

Francis Mayfield and others, defendants.
[N] this cause it appearing to the satisfaction of the Clerk and Master from affidavit that the defendants R. B. Allen, D. O. Allen, Eugene Allen, F. B. Allen, G. E. Allen, W. E. Mayfield, Matthew Jackson and wife, Minerva, Eliza Hartwick and wife, Rebecca, and R. King, are non-residents of Tennessee, so that the ordinary process of this court cannot be served on them; On motion it is therefore ordered that publication be made for four weeks in succession in the Citizen, a newspaper published in the town of Pulaski in said State, requiring said defendants to be and appear on the first day of the next term of the Chancery Court, to be held for the county of Giles at the court house in Pulaski, on the first Monday in March next, and answer complainants' bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to them and set for hearing *ex parte*.
Jany. 23, 1866. A. COX, C. & M.

NOW IS THE TIME

TO SUBSCRIBE!

BEGIN WITH

THE NEW VOLUME

AND

The New Year!

PROSPECTUS.

The Citizen will positively be issued on Friday, the 5th inst., and regularly each week thereafter. We invite our friends to call and get specimen copies. It is the official paper of Giles county—containing each week, besides the commercial and market reports, Congressional, Legislative and miscellaneous news from all parts of the country—a concise and reliable report of all local, County and State news, together with the proceedings of Courts and public meetings held in the county.

In sending out a prospectus for the Pulaski Citizen, we deem it needless to inflict upon the people of Giles county, who know us so well, a lengthy and unnecessary address, detailing its political status. You are all familiar with its career before the war, and are well acquainted with our ideas of government and political economy, as announced from week to week before the war. The Citizen will be the same paper that it was then, so far as it can be consistent with the new order of things. Of course it will recognize the death of slavery, and accord to the late slaves all the rights and immunities which their new situation entitles them to. Believing it to the interest of the white race as well as the black for friendly relations to exist between the two, we would exhort the former to be generous and liberal, and the latter to be patient, moral, industrious and provident—to raise themselves by industry and education to a higher standard morally, socially and intellectually. Let the white men of the South prove themselves the truest, best friend the negro has, and then let the negro prove himself true to the white man. We would not raise the negro to a social level with the white man. We believe social equality a humbug and an impossibility. Nor would we take from them the means of education and reform. Let them be educated if they can be, and they at once know their true relation to the other race. We will oppose negro suffrage, but under all the circumstances as they exist in Tennessee, we believe it best that he be admitted to the civil Courts to sue and be sued, plead and be impeached. We of course will not become the organ of any party, sect or individual, but will take high, independent ground—advocating that which seems to us best for our country, asking parties and partisans whenever they come in the way. We were not a partisan before the war, and our friends may rest assured we are much less a partisan now. Our object will be to print a paper well filled with literature, market and financial reports, interesting miscellany and news from all parts of the world—caching party and doing everything we can for the interest of our town, county, State and country.

So far as President Johnson's administration has developed his policy toward the seceded States and towards the late rebels, we will give him our cordial approval. If he persists to the end the course indicated by his recent acts and sayings, as we understand them, his administration will have been just, generous and statesmanlike, and the people of America will accord to him the honor of bringing order out of chaos, restoring civil and religious liberty to the country, crushing out the germs of anarchy and confusion which had well nigh ruined us, and of restoring the government to its original purity. In contradistinction to the radical party who seek to rule his administration for base party purposes, and a President has shown himself wise and good. We commence the Citizen with a very small subscription list, and trust to the future for an increase of patronage. We request every friend of the enterprise to send us in a large list at once. We hope no one will consider his services unnecessary, but let every true friend take a prospectus, show it to the country people and the town people, and let every man subscribe. Receive no name without the money.

Terms of Subscription.
Four Dollars a Year Invariably in Advance.
COME UP AND SUBSCRIBE AT ONCE.

Inducements to Clubs.	
1 copy one year,	\$4.00
10 copies to one office, each	3.75
25 " " " " " "	3.50
40 " " " " " "	3.25
60 " " " " " "	3.00

A copy sent gratis to the maker of each club.

Opinions of Distinguished Business Men.

"Advertise your business. Do not hide your light under a bushel. Whatever your calling or occupation may be, if it needs support from the public, advertise it thoroughly and efficiently in some shape or other, that will arrest public attention. I freely confess that what success I have had in life may fairly be attributed more to the public press than to nearly all the other causes combined. There may possibly be occupations that do not require advertising, but I cannot well conceive what they are.—P. T. BARNUM.

"I have always considered advertising—liberally and long—to be the great medium of success in business, and the prelude to wealth. And I have always made it an invariable rule, too, to advertise in the dull times, a long experience having taught me that money thus spent is well laid out; as by keeping my business continually before the public, has secured me many sales that I otherwise would have lost."—STRAFFORD CHASE.

"Whatever success I may have had in business I owe mainly to continuous advertising, and I deem it good policy to advertise long in the same papers. From a close observation I am fully convinced that it is impossible to make much headway in any kind of business, without the facilities which the press alone can give.—JACOB RIDGEWAY.

"My motto through life has been, work and advertise. In business, advertising is the true philosopher's stone, that turns whatever it touches to gold. I have advertised much, both in the weekly as well as the daily papers; nor have I found that those of the largest circulation, of either class, benefited me the most.—JOHN JACOB ASTOR.

"Advertise! advertise! advertise! This is the life of trade; and standing advertisements, you will find, will prove the most remunerative, at least I have found it so, during my business career thus far; for should you withdraw but a single week from the paper in which you are accustomed to advertise, you lose the time when some would be new customers will look into the paper for your business address, and not finding it, you will lose several profitable sales.—WILLIAM GRAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

GREAT EXCITEMENT

IN MEXICO!

ALSO AT

Ward & Shapard's!

IN REGARD TO

THE BANKRUPT PRICES

FOR THE

Best and Cheapest Goods

THE MARKET AFFORDS.

If you want a good Coat at low figures, go to B. SHAPARD, BOB SHAPARD or GEO. McCALLUM, AT WARD & SHAPARD'S.

If You Want

A GOOD PAIR OF BOOTS or SHOES,

Go to BOB SHAPARD or GEO. McCALLUM, AT WARD & SHAPARD'S.

If You Want

A GOOD HAT OR PAIR OF PANTS,

BOB SHAPARD or GEO. McCALLUM, AT WARD & SHAPARD'S

Will furnish you at low figures.

If you want a fine article of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

SHAWLS

CLOAKS,

FURS—

In Fact, Anything you Want,

YOU CAN GET

AT WARD & SHAPARD'S

AT LOW FIGURES.

Every article warranted as Represented

AND NASHVILLE BILLS DUPLICATED.

Jan 5-1y

Get the Genuine Article

PHOENIX

INSURANCE COMPANY

MISCELLANEOUS.

M'DONN STRATTON, THOS. G. POINTLER,
HAMPTON J. CHENEY, BENJ. T. ROY.

Stratton, Pointer & Co.

Wholesale Grocers,

Commission Merchants,

For the sale and purchase of

COTTON AND TOBACCO,

Wheat, Flour, Pork, and

AND PRODUCE GENERALLY.

Nos. 9 and 11, Broad Street,

NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE.

WE will keep on hand a large and well selected stock of

Groceries.

FOR THE WHOLESALE TRADE,

To which we invite the attention of the Merchants of Tennessee, Georgia, and Alabama. Strict attention will be paid to receiving and forwarding, and to the sale of Groceries and all goods on consignment.

Being in the large and commodious store and warehouse so long and favorably remembered as Fisher, Wheeler & Co., with the immense shed and storage rooms, we feel prepared to handle all Cotton, Tobacco and General Produce, as any house in the city; and expecting to establish our business upon a permanent basis, we promise to do all in our power to merit a liberal share of public patronage.

BAGGING and ROPE always on hand.

REFERENCES.—Thos. Martin, Ezell & Edmondson, Gen. Jno. C. Brown, Maj. Thos. M. Jones, Marion Childress, Pulaski; W. F. Koncheval, J. C. Goodrich, Wright & Trunham, Fayetteville, Tenn.

COOKING STOVES.

TREPPARD & CO.,

PULASKI, TENN.

DEALERS IN COOKING, HEATING

AND

PARLOR STOVES,

COAL OIL LAMPS AND CHIMNEYS,

POWDER, SHOT, CAPS, &c.,

AND MANUFACTURERS OF

TIN, COPPER AND SHEET IRON

WARES,

ROOFING, PIPING, GUTTERING

AND

VALLEYING.

ALL KINDS OF REPAIRING,

IN OR OUT OF DOORS.

NEATLY AND PROMPTLY DONE.

Jan 1, '65

S. C. MOFFETT, H. B. COX.

MOFFETT & COX,

RETAIL

DRY GOODS MERCHANTS.

MARTIN'S OLD CORNER,

South-west Corner of the Public Square,

Pulaski, Tenn.

Keep constantly on hand,

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods.

House Furnishing Goods,

Ready-made Clothing,

Hardware,

Queensware,

Cutlery,

Boots,

Hats,

TIN-WARE, GROCERIES, &c.

IT is their intention to transact a General Dry Goods and Grocery Business in all of its details, and the public are respectfully invited to call and examine their stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Jan 5, 1y

BURDETT'S COLUMN.

W. M. BURDETT,

Drugs and Medicines.

Wholesale and Retail

W. M. BURDETT,

DEALER IN

DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

AND ALL THE LATEST PREPARATIONS

OF PURELY VEGETABLE ORIGIN.

Also, a full assortment of

Chemicals, and all the latest

Preparations of the

Great Britain and

Continental

Pharmaceutical

Chemicals, and all the latest

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